SAFETY AND SECURITY AT WORK: COMMITMENT, CHANGES, AND CHALLENGES IN THE U.S. RESPONSE TO THE WORKPLACE IMPACT OF DOMESTIC AND SEXUAL VIOLENCE

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FUTURES WITHOUT VIOLENCE



Objectives

At the end of this presentation, you will better be able to:

- Discuss federal and state laws and policies that apply to survivors and their employment in the U.S., including non-discrimination laws, accommodations and leave, and unemployment insurance;
- Describe promising workplace initiatives in the U.S. that enhance workplace responses to violence and engage in prevention and collaboration with community partners;
- 3. Access and utilize resources that address violence in the workplace.

Prevalence: U.S.

- Homicide is a leading cause of death on the job for women.
 (CRISP Report 2008 and US Dept of Labor 2012)
 - Nearly 33% of women killed in U.S. workplaces between 2003-2008 were killed by a current or former intimate partner (NIOSH 2012)
 - 77% of workplace homicides occur with firearms
- Nearly 1 in 5 women have been raped in their lifetime, while 1 in 71 men have been raped in their lifetime (CDC 2011)
- 1 in 6 women and 1 in 19 men have been stalked at some point in their lifetime (CDC 2011)
- In all 3 forms of violence, the vast majority of victims knew the perpetrators

Workplaces Respond National Resource Center

- Created and funded by U.S. Department of Justice, Office on Violence Against Women
- Addresses domestic and sexual violence and stalking (prevention and response)
- Audience is non-traditional stakeholders: employers and unions
- Focus on vulnerable/underrepresented workers

Workplaces Respond Partners



Workplaces Respond Development

History

Current

Future

Workplaces Respond Components



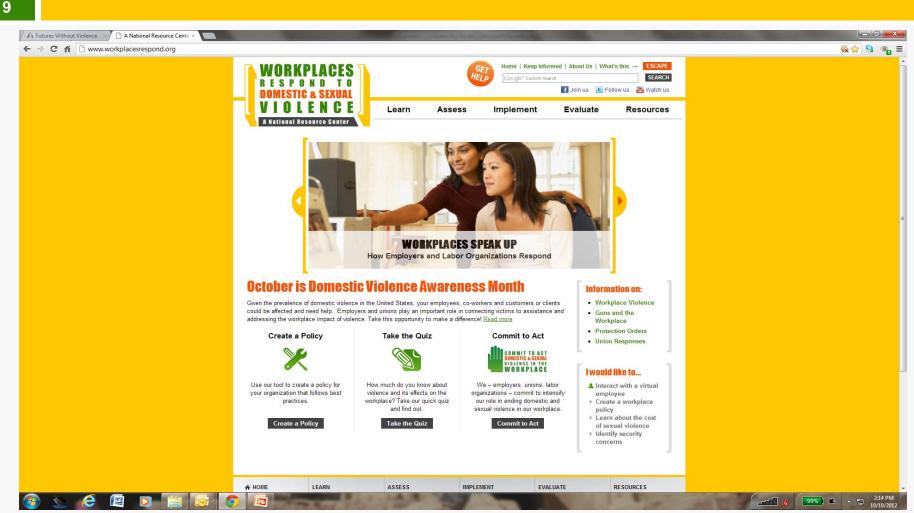
Presidential Memo re: Federal Agencies 4/18/2012



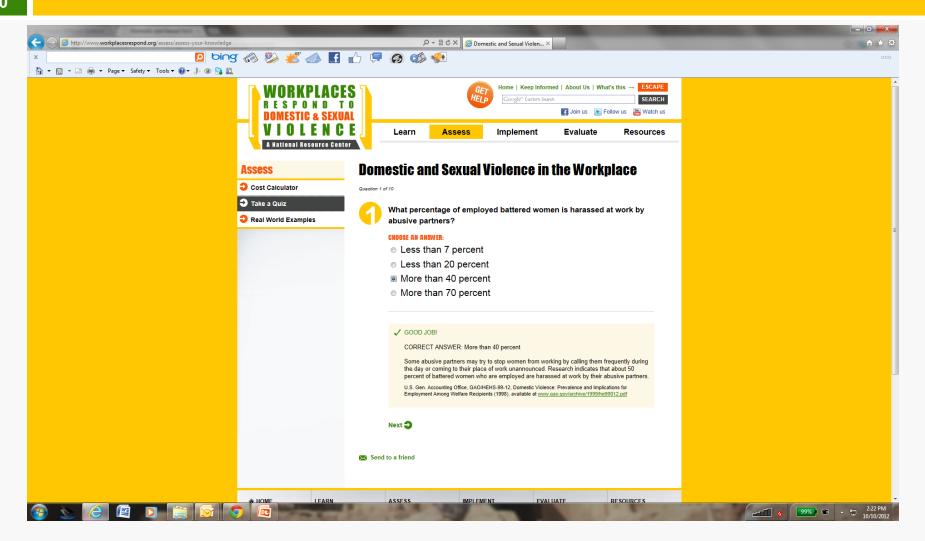
"As the Nation's largest employer, the Federal Government should act as a model in responding to the effects of domestic violence on its workforce."

www.workplacesrespond.org

twitter.com/WorkplaceNRC facebook.com/WorkplacesRespond

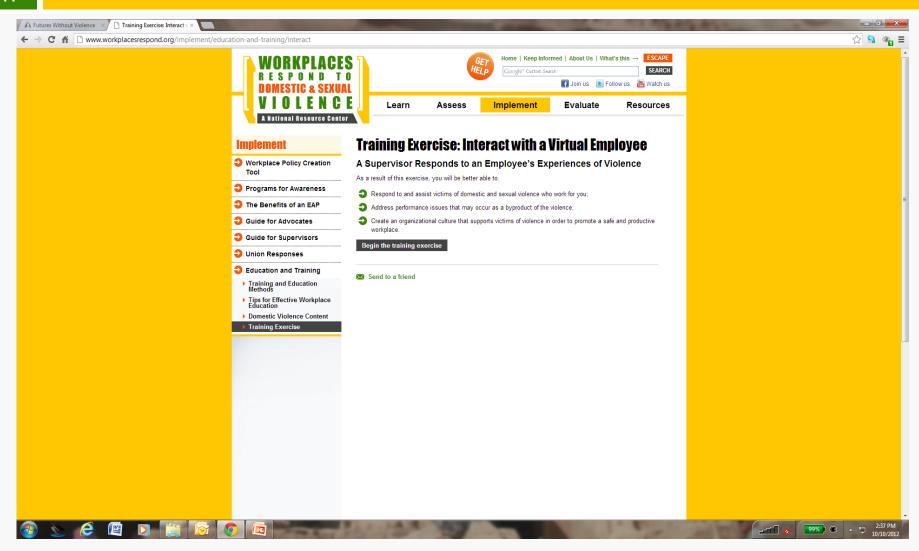


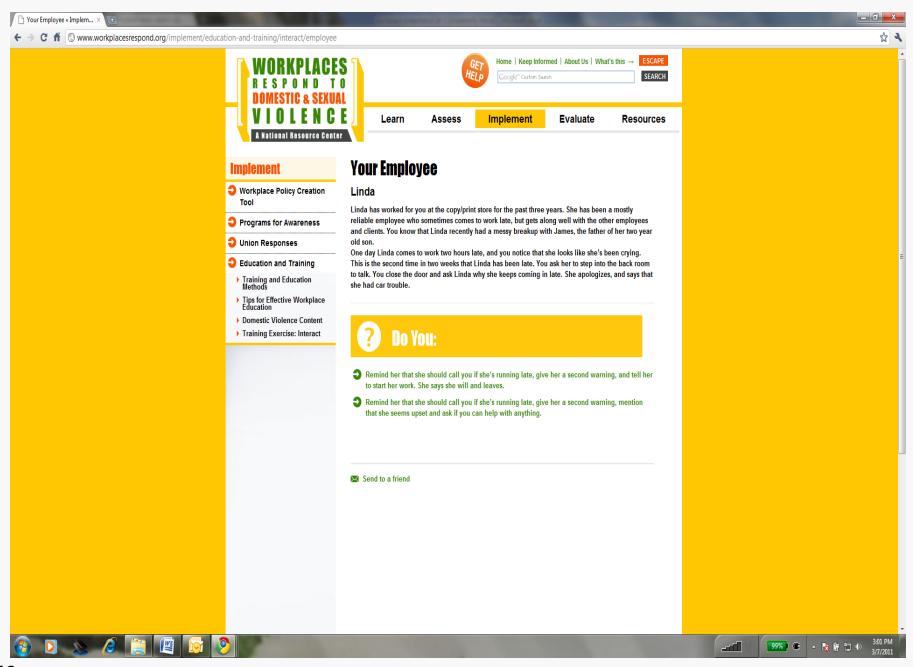
Quiz



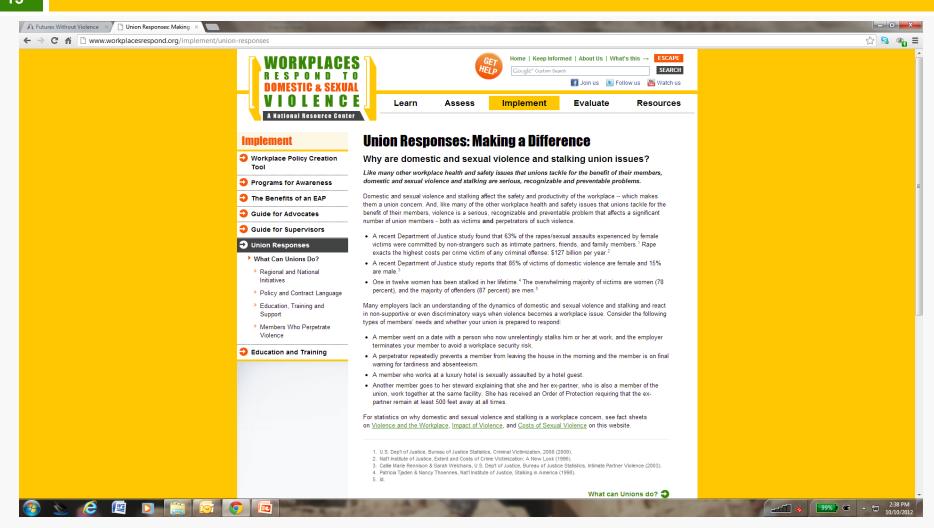
Interactive Training Exercise

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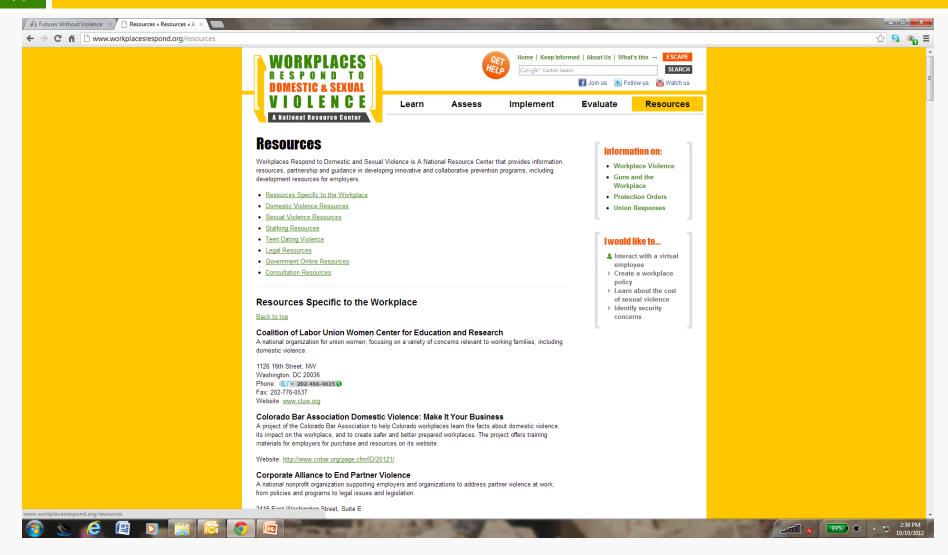


Union Resources

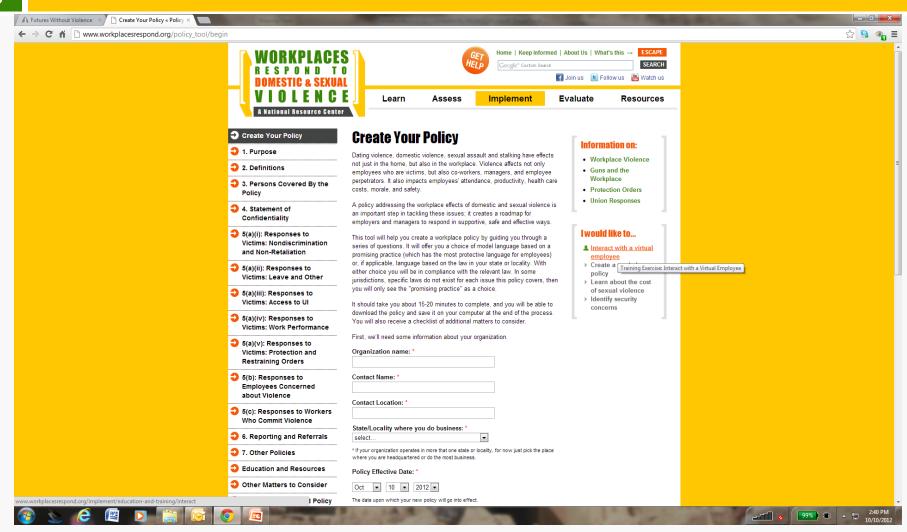


Resources

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Policy Creation Tool



Policy Creation Tool

- Domestic and sexual violence and stalking
- Originally, considered cornerstone of the website
- Created to address a pervasive gap
 - Over 70% of U.S. workplaces do not have a policy
 - Lack of federal laws specific to this issue imposing requirements

Policy Creation Tool

Accounts for state and local law and legal rights and obligations

Accounts for size of employer

Accounts for service workers/non-service workers

Complements other workplace policies

Educates users about and encourages use of promising practices

Legal Framework in the US

No federal laws specific to this issue

Relevant federal employment/workplace laws: Title VII, ADA, FMLA, OSHA

Presidential memo and federal policy guidance (Dec. 2012)

State laws and policies specific to this issue

Firearms

Relevant Federal Laws

- Title VII of Civil Rights Act of 1964: employment discrimination (sex, race, etc)
 - 15+ employees
- Americans With Disabilities Act: employment discrimination based on disability
 - 15+ employees
- Family and Medical Leave Act: unpaid job-protected leave for medical condition
 - 50+ employees
 - □ Time worked requirement (12 months/1250 hrs)
- Occupational Safety and Health Act: general duty clause

Relevant Policies and State Laws

- Existing workplace policies
- Relevant laws
 - Non-discrimination
 - Reasonable accommodations
 - Time off/leave
 - Unemployment insurance benefits
 - Protection orders

Existing Workplace Policies/Protocols



Nondiscrimination

Protection from firing, or refusal to hire someone just because they are a survivor

- DV, SA, stalking
- Actual or perceived
- Employer size
- Acts of abuser
- Proof requirements

Accommodations and Leave



What does "reasonable accommodation" mean?

Changing telephone extensions

Changing hours or shift

Transfer

Changing work location or entry/exit points

Time off

Security escort

Structural modifications

Unemployment Insurance

- Leaving work was necessary to protect themselves or family from domestic violence, sexual assault or stalking
- 40 states by statute or practice
- Some states just DV; others DV and stalking;
 some DV, SA and stalking

Protection Orders in the Workplace

- Employee obtains a protection order against a nonemployee
- An employee obtains a protection order against a coworker
- An employee has a protection order issued against him or her.
- The employer obtains a general restraining order against a person
- The employer obtains a protection order on a victimemployee's behalf

Protection Orders in the Workplace

- Employer Response to Employee/Victims
 - Macro-level
 - Individual
- Employer Response to Employee/Respondent
 - Macro-level
 - Individual
- Considerations re Employer as Petitioner



- Policy is only one stop of a process; and not the first step.
- Workplaces need to cultivate the infrastructure first.

Prevention Framework



Changing Workplace Culture

Information is the best tool

Support/assistance for victims

Accountability/consequences for perpetrators

Role of co-workers as "upstanders"

Support of the CEO/Owner

- Essential to allow use of time, money, to address the issue
- Making the business case statistics/research on the costs to business, liability issues, legal requirements, corporate social responsibility, diversity, etc.
- Employee survey results
- Partnering with peers and trade/business associations

Multidisciplinary Response Team

- Essential to proactive, comprehensive action
- If the workplace faced an incident, who would become involved?
 - HR, EAP, legal, security, union, others
- Meeting to discuss each dept's roles and responsibilities

Awareness Raising Activities

- Posters/information about services/referrals
- Employee needs assessment survey
- EAP standardized assessment tool for eliciting information regarding DV, SV, stalking (victims and perpetrators)
- Lunchtime talks to raise awareness and recognize if someone may need assistance – 3Rs (recognize, respond, refer)
- Quiz at <u>www.workplacesrespond.org</u>

Workplace Risk/Threat Assessment

- Conducted by security
- Can be part of employee survey
- Issues
 - Access to public areas
 - Working late at night
 - Isolated areas
- Protocols for security, e.g. firearms...

Special Issues: Firearms

- Does the workplace have a policy that addresses weapons, or includes the prohibition of weapons, if permitted by law and if reasonable in light of the specific workplace?
- Are there security measures designed to lessen the risk of firearm related violence in the workplace?

Recommendations re Firearms

Develop, publicize and enforce a workplace violence prevention policy

Conduct a risk assessment in the workplace

Enforce a no-weapons policy, if permitted by law

Take administrative and environmental precautions: initiate security measures generally and take special precautions on a case by case basis, i.e., an employee obtains a PO and notifies the workplace

Security measures should complement an employee/victim's safety planning

Education and Training



Partnership with Community

- Local service providers
 - Can be integrated into companies' referral network
 - Can do joint awareness-raising trainings/presentations or be a resource for companies
 - Can assist with victim safety planning to include workplace
 - Can help employees with documentation for leave or other workplace changes
- Law enforcement
 - Emergency response
 - Enforcing orders of protection which cover workplace
- Court system
- Health care providers

Other Initiatives in the US

- Cornell University Worker Institute (unions)
- Employers Against Domestic Violence (Boston)
- Georgia
- □ Maine
- Make It Your Business (Colorado)
- Standing Firm (SW Pa)
- Vermont